2008 World Population

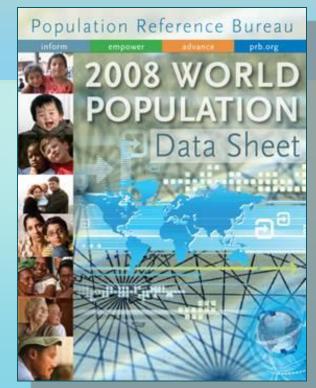
Data Sheet

Population

Global Demographic Divide Widens

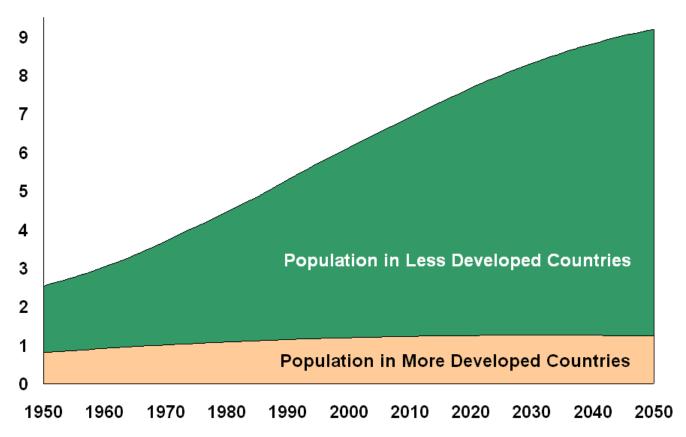
Presentation by Bill Butz, Carl Haub, Richard Skolnik, and Linda Jacobsen of the Population Reference Bureau

August 19, 2008



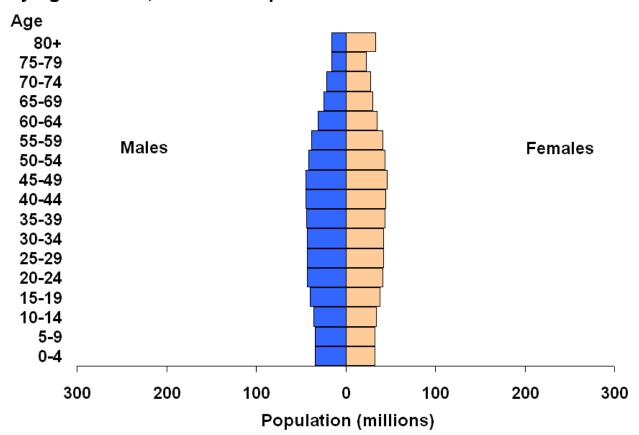
Developing Regions Make Up an Increasing Share of World Population.

World Population (in Billions): 1950-2050



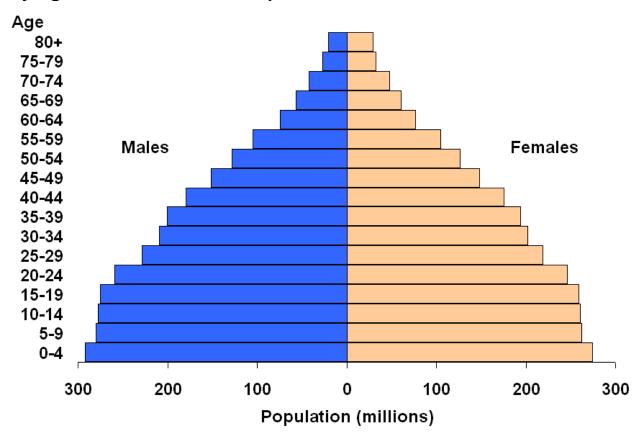
More Developed Countries Have Fewer Young People Relative to Elderly.

Population by Age and Sex, More Developed Countries: 2008



Less Developed Countries Have More Young People Relative to Elderly.

Population by Age and Sex, Less Developed Countries: 2008



Italy and the Democratic Republic of the Congo (formerly Zaire) Illustrate the Demographic Divide in 2008.

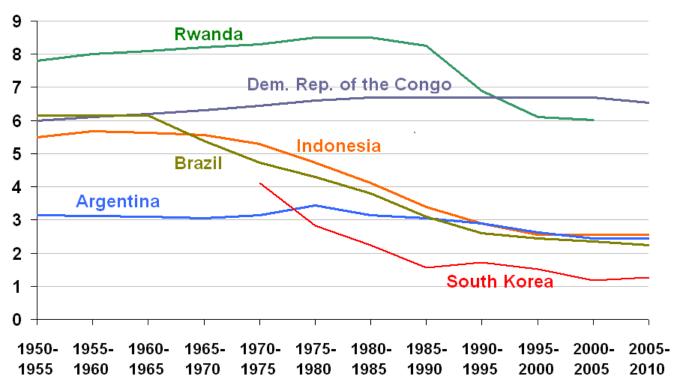
	ITALY	DEM. REP. OF THE CONGO
2008 Population	59.9 million	66.5 million
2025 Population	62.0 million	109.7 million
Population below Age 15	8.4 million	31.3 million
Population Age 65 and Older	11.9 million	1.7 million
Annual Births	568,000	2.9 million
Annual Deaths	575,000	843,000
Annual Natural Increase (births minus deaths)	- 7,000	2.1 million
Annual Infant Deaths	2,300	270,000
Life Expectancy at Birth	81 years	53 years
Percent of Population Undernourished	< 2.5%	74%

Source: Carl Haub and Mary Mederios Kent, 2008 World Population Data Sheet.

Every Country Has a Different Pattern of Fertility Decline.

Fertility Patterns for Selected Countries: 1950-2010

Number of children per woman



Sources: United Nations Population Division, *World Population Prospects: The 2006 Revision;* Population Reference Bureau; and Korea National Statistics Office.

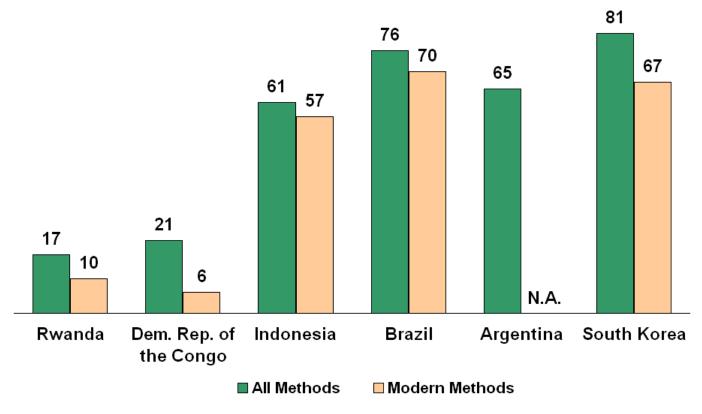


What Do Global Population Projections *Assume*?

"Realization of the medium variant projections contained in the 2006 Revision is also contingent on ensuring that fertility continues to decline in developing countries...To achieve such reductions, it is essential that access to family planning expands in the poorest countries of the world."

Just as Fertility Patterns Differ, So Do Those of Contraceptive Use.

Percent of Married Women Using Contraception, Selected Countries



N.A. - Data not available.

Sources: Demographic and Health Surveys and United Nations Population Division.

Few Statistics Show Cross-Regional Gaps in Health Care as Does Maternal Mortality.

A Woman's Lifetime Risk of Dying from a Pregnancy-Related Cause: 2005

Developed Countries ¹	1 in 7,300
Eastern Asia	1 in 1,200
Latin America and the Caribbean	1 in 290
North Africa ²	1 in 210
WORLD TOTAL	1 in 92
South Asia	1 in 61
Sub-Saharan Africa	1 in 22

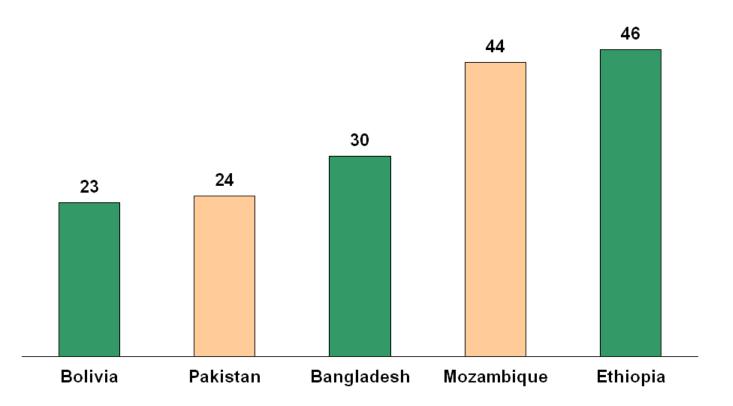
Source: WHO, UNICEF, UNFPA, and the World Bank, *Maternal Mortality in 2005: Estimates Developed by WHO, UNICEF, UNFPA, and the World Bank.*

¹ Excludes non-Baltic republics of the former Soviet Union.

² Excludes Sudan.

Many People Lack Required Calories.

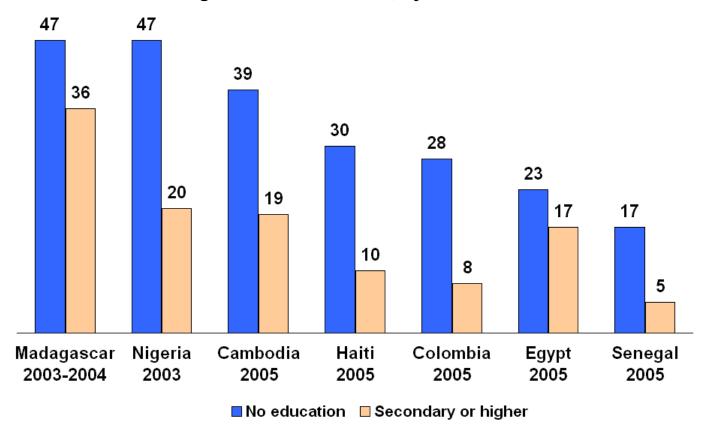
Percent of Population Consuming Less Than Required Number of Calories, 2002-2004



Source: United Nations Food and Agriculture Organization, Statistics Division.

Mother's Education Is A Key to Children's Nutritional Status.

Percent of Children Under Age 3 Who Are Stunted, by Mother's Education



Source: Demographic and Health Surveys.

Stunting Can Be Addressed.

- > Focus on children from conception to 2 years of age.
- > Promote exclusive breastfeeding and appropriate complementary foods.
- > Encourage community-based approaches to better feeding and caring.
- > Reduce infection.
- > Ready-to-use foods are promising in some settings.
- ➤ Conditional cash transfers also show promise.

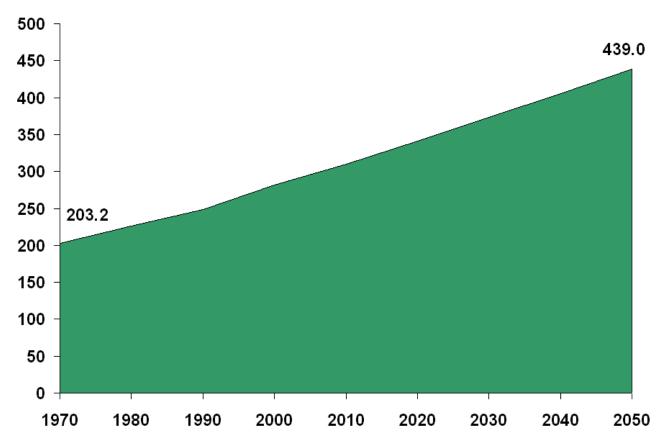
The Countries With the Least Access to an Improved Water Source Have Among the World's Fastest-Growing Populations.

	Percent of Population With Improved Drinking Water Source, 2006	Population (millions)	
		Mid-2008	Mid-2025
Afghanistan	22	32.7	50.3
Ethiopia	42	79.1	110.5
Niger	42	14.7	26.3
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	46	66.5	109.7
Nigeria	47	148.1	205.4

Source: Carl Haub and Mary Mederios Kent, 2008 World Population Data Sheet.

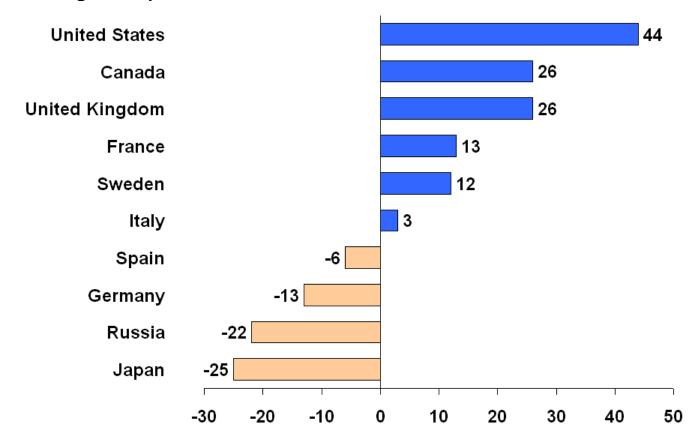
The United States Has Been Growing Faster Than Expected.

United States Population (in Millions): 1970-2050



Continued Population Growth Sets the United States Apart From Other Developed Countries Around the World.

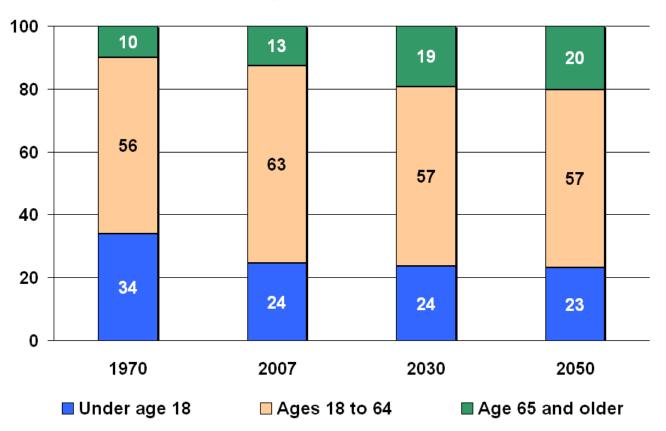
Percent Change in Population, Selected Countries: 2008-2050



Source: Carl Haub and Mary Mederios Kent, 2008 World Population Data Sheet.

By 2050, One in Every Five Americans Will Be Age 65 or Older.

Percent of U.S. Population in Selected Age Groups: 1970-2050



The United States Will Continue to Become More Racially and Ethnically Diverse.

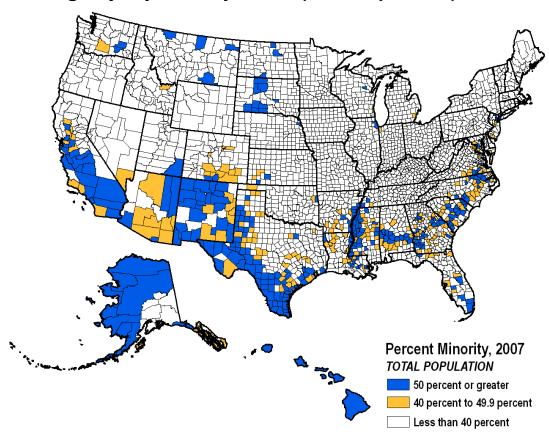
Percent of U.S. Population by Race and Ethnicity: At 300 Million and 400 Million

	AT 300 MILLION (2007)	AT 400 MILLION (2039)
White Alone*	66	51
Black or African American Alone*	12	12
Asian, Native Hawaiian, and Other Pacific Islander Alone*	5	7
American Indian and Alaska Native Alone*	1	1
Two or More Races*	1	3
Hispanic (of any race)	15	26
TOTAL	100	100

^{*} Excludes Hispanics.

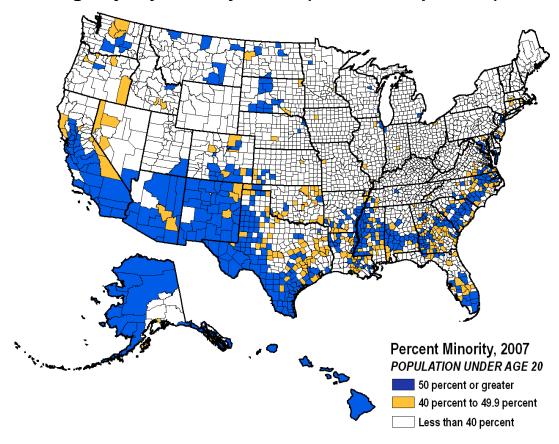
Ten Percent of U.S. Counties Have Already Reached Majority-Minority Status.

Counties at or Nearing Majority-Minority Status (Total Population), United States: 2007



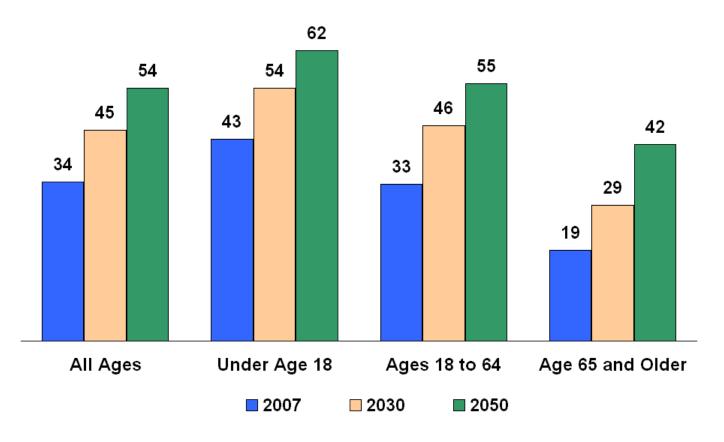
Minorities Make Up at Least 50 Percent of the Youth Population in One in Seven Counties Nationwide.

Counties at or Nearing Majority-Minority Status (Under-20 Population), United States: 2007



The Current Generation Gap in Racial-Ethnic Diversity Will Gradually Decrease by 2050.

Percent of the U.S. Population That Is Minority, by Age Group: 2007-2050



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